

Clue Cards

The eggs hatch into larvae called caterpillars. The caterpillar eats leaves and grows bigger.

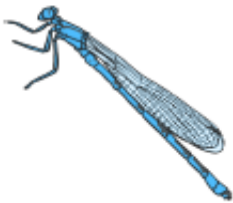


You can use these to help you fill in the 'Amphibians and Insects' activity sheet. They are muddled up so do take care. You could cut them out and order them first to help you.

After 2-25 days the tadpoles hatch from the eggs.



The female lays fertilised eggs in or near water.



The caterpillar forms a hard case around itself called a chrysalis.



The tadpole grows front legs and its tail shortens. The froglet jumps out of the water onto land.



The female lays fertilised eggs in water.



The young newts leave the water after about 10 weeks. After three years, they will be adults and will reproduce.



The tail disappears completely and the froglet starts to eat insects. In 2-4 years it will become an adult and will reproduce.



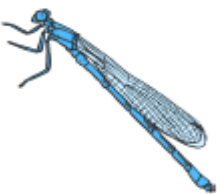
Inside the chrysalis, the caterpillar transforms into a butterfly.



The tadpole develops lungs and hind legs.



The eggs hatch into nymphs. These look like small adults without wings. The nymph lives in water for up to 4 years.



The adult butterfly breaks out of the chrysalis and reproduces.



The tadpole swims and eats plants. It breathes through gills.



Fertilised eggs are laid by the female.



The tadpoles grow front legs, then back legs. They develop lungs to breathe. They look like small newts.



The female lays a mass of eggs that are fertilised by the male.



The fully grown nymph crawls out of the water up the stem of a plant. It sheds its skin and emerges as a dragonfly. It will find a mate and reproduce.



After 2 or 3 weeks, tadpoles hatch from the eggs. They eat plankton and small insects and breathe through gills.

